## DIGITAL COMMUNICATOR CONTROL PANEL



## O INSTALLATION MANUAL



BS EN ISO 9001

Digital Communicator Control Panel

complies to:
Emission: EN 50081-1/1992
Immunity: EN 50130-4/1995+A1/1999
Low voltage: EN 60950/1996 + A4/1997
Burglar alarm systems: CEI 79/2 2a Ed. 1993
Terminal Equipment (TE): TBR21-1/1993
BENTEL SECURITY declines all responsibility in the event of unauthorized intervention on the control panel.
The control panel has been developed and made according to the highest standards of quality, reliability and performance adopted by BENTEL SECURITY srl.

To make sure your system continues to work as intended, you must testyour system every month. Consult the installer for testing and maintenance instructions. If your system does not work correctly, call your installer for service.

Installation of the control panel must carried out strictly according to the instructions, and in compliance with the safety laws inforce.

BENTEL SECURITY srl reserves the right to modify the technical specifications of this product without prior notice.
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## Burglar Control

 PanelThis manual is for Academy 8/L and Academy4/8. Where the specifications, features and procedures are the same, the system will be referred to as the Panel or Main Unit. However, where the specifications, features and procedures differ the system will be referred to by its name.
$\square 8$ programmable input zones (4 on Academy4)

- 24h balanced Tamper zone
$\square$ Alarm output (relay)
$\square 4$ programmable open-collector outputs (2 on Academy4/8)
$\square$ Fire sensor power supply with RESET
- Up to 8 keypads

ㅁ Up to 16 key readers

- 4 independent partitions
- Auto-arming for partitions
- 23 user codes (4 to 6 digits)
$\square$ Disarm for Patrol with auto re-arming
- Programming from keypad
- Programming via PC through RS232 interface, or OmniaMod modem via telephone line
$\square$ Input for remote arming / disarming
$\square$ Integrated 1A linear power-supply
$\square$ Supplementary connector for 3.5A switching power-supply
Dialler $\square$ DTMF or Pulse dialling
- 8 telephone numbers
$\square$ Operates with CONTACT ID - DTMF protocol, and the following pulse protocols:
ADEMCO / SILENT KNIGHT - slow 10 baud - 3/1, 4/1, 4/2
ADEMCO / SILENT KNIGHT - fast 14 baud - 3/1, 4/1, 4/2
FRANKLIN / SECOA / DCI - VERTEX - Fast 20 baud - 3/1, 4/1, 4/2
RADIONICS - 40 baud - $3 / 1$, 4/1, 42
SCANTRONIC - 10 Baud - $3 / 1$, 4/1, 4/2
CESA.
$\square$ Optional voice board (NCDUEVOX)
$\square$ Remote Listen-in
- Two-way communication
- 128 event buffer (can be viewed on PC)

ㅁ 3 Superkeys for instant alarm calls from keypad

- Programmable Test call
$\square$ Teleservice management
- Callback
$\square$ Line-sharing management (double call)


## Overview

The Main Unit The Main Unit has 8 zones and 4 partitions ( 4 zones on Academy4). The basic system comprises the Main Unit, integrated Digital Communicator and 1 Keypad. The Main Unit can support up 16 remote devices (key readers / keypads), with a maximum of 8 keypads (including the one supplied), and 128 different digital keys.

Communicator The integrated Digital Communicator can manage 8 telephone numbers for teleservice and communication with central stations. A Customer code, and a communication protocol can be assigned to each telephone number, in this way, the Panel can communicate with several central stations.
It is possible to program the Event codes individually, and to select the events that will generate calls. The Panel will generate the event call----to 1 or more of the 8 programmed telephone numbers----when the event occurs (e.g. Arm, Disarm, Alarm, Trouble).

Voice messages The optional NCDUEVOX voice board can record up to 8 voice mes-sages----to be sent to 1 or more of the 8 programmed telephone numbers.

The NCDUEVOX voice board will allow the Communicator to send voice messages, and will also provide remote listen-in and two-way conversation functions.

Teleservice and
remote monitoring

Teleservice and remote monitoring of the Panel can be done from a Personal Computer with the OmniaMod modem and management software.

Programming The Panel can be programmed from:
any keypad;
$>$ local Personal Computer connected to the RS232 interface on the main board;
remote Personal Computer connected to the Main Unit through the OMNIAMOD modem via telephone line.

The Main Unit The basic system comprises the Main Unit and 1 keypad. The cabinet houses the main board, built in Communicator, power supply unit, battery, and the terminals for connection of sensors, sirens and auxiliary devices.

Up to 16 remote devices can be connected to the system, with a maximum of 8 keypads, including the one supplied. Installation of the NCDUEVOX voice board enhances the system by providing Voice call management.

OmniaMod The OmniaMod modem, and the necessary software will allow the Installer to provide teleservice.

Teleservice The OmniaMod/V1 modem will allow the installer to program, manage and provide teleservice (remote maintenance authorized by the user).

Remote monitoring

The OmniaMOD/V2 modem will allow the Installer to provide teleservice and telemonitoring (constant supervision) for all the connected systems. All operations, alarms and trouble warnings will be logged in the event buffer. All the events signalled to the central station will provide detailed information, maps and icons.

Management software

The software manages teleservice and telemonitoring, and also provides data viewing and detailed printout of logged teleservice and telemonitoring operations.

For further details of management software refer to the Software manual.

## Accessories

| NCDUE/TAST | Keypad |
| :--- | :--- |
| BPI/3 | Flush-mounting key reader |
| BPI/3-W | Wall-mounting key reader |
| ECLIPSE | Flush-mounting key reader (no contacts) |
| SAT | Digital Key (no contacts) |
| DKC | Digital key |
| NCDUEVOX | Voice board |
| OMNIA-MOD V1 | Modem for Teleservice management only |
| OMNIA-MOD V2 | Modem for Teleservice and Telemonitoring |
|  | complete with telemonitoring software |
| CVSER/9F9F | Serial cable for PC connection |
| ADSER/9M25F | Serial adapter for DB25 |

The DESCRIPTION column in the following table provides a brief description of the Panel peripherals (Keypad, Key reader and digital key). The Parts column indicates the reference number used in the figures. Refer to the Panel manual for the specification of the Panel components.
The LEDs column shows the LED indicators, and the STATUS column shows the meaning of their ON / OFF status.

Keypad

| PARTS | DESCRIPTIONS |
| ---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 6}$ | LED indicators |
| $\mathbf{1 7}$ | Screws |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | Board supports (2) |
| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | Board clip |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | Board supports (3) |
| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | Tamper switch |
| $\mathbf{2 2}$ | Address dipswitches |
| $\mathbf{2 3}$ | Terminals |
| $\mathbf{2 4}$ | Board supports (2) |
| $\mathbf{2 5}$ | Snatch bracket screw |
| $\mathbf{2 6}$ | Wire passage |
| $\mathbf{2 7}$ | 2 holes (Ø 4 mm) for back box |
| $\mathbf{2 8}$ | Buzzer |
| $\mathbf{2 9}$ | Snatch switch |



Figure 1 NC2TAST and ICON/KP keypads


Figure 2 NCDUETAST Keypad components


Figure 3 ICON/KP Keypad components

| LEDs |  | STATUS |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |

TROUBLE VIEWING MODE

| NCDUE/TAST |  | ICON/KP | STATUS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KEYS |  | LEDs |  |  |
| -7] | Key 1 | 7/ | OFF: ON: | Sensor power fuse intact Sensor power fuse blown |
| $\bigcirc$ | Key 4 | $\sim$ | OFF: ON: | Panel powered by mains Mains failure----Panel powered by battery |
| $\underline{L}$ | Key 7 | $\square$ | OFF: ON: | Battery OK <br> Low battery or battery trouble |
|  | Key B |  | OFF: ON: | Comunication bus OK Comunication bus trouble |
|  | Key 0 | $\sqrt{5}$ | OFF: ON: | Telephone line OK Telephone line trouble |
| 1 | Key A | $1$ | OFF: ON: | At least one codes not at default All codes at default |

USER MENU OPTIONS FROM KEYPAD (ICON/KP)

| (0) | Key 1 | Enable / Disable Auto-arming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | Key 2 | Enable / Disable Teleservice |
|  | Key 3 | Overtime Request |
| \% | Key 4 | Teleservice Request |
|  | Key 5 | Enable / Disable Silent Keypad |
| < | Key 6 | Enable / Disable Hidden zone status on keypad |
| (1)) | Key 7 | Alarm Device Test |

The key reader is an optional accessory, available in the following versions.

| BPI3GEW | GEWISS | BPI3DEL | DELTA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BPI3GP | GEWISS playbus | BPI3-DN | DELTA noir |
| BPI3-GN | GEWISS noir | BPI3VI | VIMAR idea |
| BPI3 | TICINO magic | BPI3VIB | VIMAR bianco |
| BPI3LIV | TICINO living | BPI3-AVE | AVE |
| BPI3INT | TICINO international | BPI3-AN | AVE noir |
| BPI3LGT | TICINO light |  |  |

The flush mounting Eclipse/Sat system (key reader and digital key) is suitable for all types of installations (see figure 4). The system has no contacts, therefore, it is highly resistant to oxidization, and wear. The Sat digital key is waterproof, needs no battery, and has an almost unlimited life. The control button is inside the Eclipse reader and not on the Sat digital key, therefore the key must be pushed slightly into the key reader----in order to scan and select the arming mode.
The control button of the flush mounting BPI3/DKC system (key reader and digital key) is on the digital key, therefore, the key must be inserted into the key reader, and the button must be pressed----in order to scan and select the arming mode.
The installation described in this manual operates with the BPI3/DKC system, however, apart from the position of the control button, the BPI3/DKC, and Eclipse/Sat systems operate in exactly the same way.
The BPI/W wall mounting system can be used where flush mounting is not possible----as well as terminals for the BPI bus connection, this system offers two extra [AS] terminals for tamper an snatch protection.

| PARTS |  | DESCRIPTIONS |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ | Terminal board |  |
| 31 | Address dipswitches |  |
| 32 | Key slot |  |
| 33 | Control button (on key) |  |


| LED |  | STATUS |  |
| ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 34 | RED | ON: | partitions assigned to the key reader armed |
| 35 | AMBER | ON: | Type A arming |
| 36 | GREEN | ON: | Type B arming |



Figure 5 Key reader (Magic) and digital key


Figure 6 Wall mounting key reader (BPI/W )and digital key

## INSTALLATION

## Installation steps

The Main Unit Refer to the relevant manual.
Keypads Keypads should be located in places where full control of the Panel is required: Programming, Disarm by Duress code, Zone Bypass, Reset Alarm Memory and Enable Teleservice. Key readers do not provide these options.

Keypad mounting (see figure 2 page 12)
Step 1 Remove the screws 17 and keypad box.
Step 2 Remove the PCB---lift the board support clip 19.
Step 3 Drill the holes ( $\varnothing 4 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) for the back box 27 and snatch bracket 25. Check for conduits and water pipes before drilling.

Step 4 Pull the wires though the hole 26 and attach the back box and snatch bracket to the wall.

Step 5 Replace the PCB.
Step 6 Assign the keypad address---use the dipswitches 22---complete the connections on the terminal board 23 then close the keypad box.

Key readers Key readers should be located in places where only system arming / disarming only is required. Install key readers as per light switches.

廿 Assign the key reader address----use the dipswitches 31----complete the connections on the terminal board $\mathbf{3 0}$ before mounting the key readers.

## Terminal board

The following description refers to keypad and key reader terminal boards. (The description of the Main Unit terminal board can be found in the Main Unit installation manual).
$>$ The Terminal column shows the terminal number and the identifier abbreviation of each terminal (in square brackets).
$>$ The DESCRIPTION column holds the description of the terminals.
$>$ The V column shows the voltage on the terminals ("--" means the voltage cannot be specified).
$>$ The I column shows the maximum current (in amperes) that can circulate on each terminal ("--" means the voltage cannot be specified). The numbers in round brackets refer to notes (1) and (2) on the following page.

| Terminal | DESCRIPTION | $\mathbf{V}$ | $\mathbf{l}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $1[+]$ | Power supply: positive | 13.8 | - |
| $2[C]$ | "Command" terminal to be connected to the corresponding <br> terminal on the Main Unit |  |  |
| $3[R]$ | "Answer" terminal to be connected to the corresponding <br> terminal on the Main Unit | - | - |
| $4[\overline{\overline{\bar{I}}]}$ | Power supply: negative | 0 | - |

Flush mounting key readers have bus connection terminals only. Wallmounting key readers ( $\mathrm{BPI} / \mathrm{W}$ ) also have:

| Terminal |  | DESCRIPTION | $\mathbf{V}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| I |  |  |  |
| [AS] | Tamper contact | - | - |

## Connections

This Panel is extremely flexible, however, only the basic connections are described. The different connection types (control device connection, signalling device connection, etc.) are dealt with individually.

Use shielded cable for the connections, with one end connected to the Main Unit ground and the other left free.

Diagrams The connection schematics provide a simplified guide, and should be refired to when making connections.


The main board terminals are shown for each connection. The terminals in the diagram may be located differently on the terminal board.

## Control Device Connection

The control devices control both the basic and advanced options.
The keypads control all Panel options. The key readers control basic options only: Arm / Disarm.

Terminal $37[\mathrm{~K}]$ on the main board can be used for connection of supplementary control devices such as: mechanical keys; digital keys; proximity keys; etc.

## Keypads and key readers

Keypads and key readers have the same electrical connections. Both can be connected to the 4 wire parallel bus connected to Main Unit terminals [+], [C], [R] and [-].

Up to 16 remote devices (key readers / keypads) can be connected to the bus, with a maximum of 8 keypads including the one supplied.

Electrical Keypads and key readers must be connected in parallel to the communicaconnections ton bus: Terminals [+] and [-] supply power while terminals [C] and [R] constitute the communication bus.
Figure 7 illustrates the connection of 3 control devices (keypads or key readers).
$+$
At least one Keypad must be connected to the system.
Address assignment

Keypad addresses are assigned by means of dipswitches 2, 3 and 4 on the dipswitch board (22). Key reader addresses are assigned by means of dipswitches 1, 2, 3 and 4 (31).

Power station Refer to the instructions provided with the Power station.
The following table shows the 16 address combinations.

| Dipswitch no. | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | off | off | off | off | off | off | off | off | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON |
| 2 | off | off | off | off | ON | ON | ON | ON | off | off | off | off | ON | ON | ON | ON |
| 3 | off | off | ON | ON | off | off | ON | ON | off | off | ON | ON | off | off | ON | ON |
| 4 | off | ON | off | ON | off | ON | off | ON | off | ON | off | ON | off | ON | off | ON |

- Addresses can be assigned in any order, however, devices of the same type must have different addresses. Devices of different types (e.g. keypad and key reader) can have the same address, as these devices are intrinsicall different for the Panel.
- On initial Startup the Panel will assign address 1 to the Keypad (refer to BPI configuration).
+ Dipswitch no. 1 of the keypads must always be OFF.


Figure 7 Connection of control devices (keypads and key readers)

No BPI device can be more than 500 meters（in wire length）from the Panel．The overall wire length for each branch of the BPI bus can be no more than 1，000 meters．
If the voltage across terminals［＋］and［ $\overline{\overline{\bar{\prime}}]}$ is less than 10 V （the voltage re－ quired by the BPI devices）it is possible to：
$>$ increase the wire section that supplies the device（the wires that connect terminals［ + ］and［ $\pitchfork$ ］of the Main Unit to terminals［＋］and［ $\overline{\overline{\bar{I}} \text { ］} \text { of the de－}}$ vice）；
connect a power station to boost the voltage（BXM12）；
＞connect a power station to supply the devices added to the BPI devices．
－Auxiliary control devices
Auxiliary control devices such as：digital keys，keylock switches，proximity keys and remote controls etc．can be managed through command zones． However，terminal［K］on Academy8／L can also be used for this purpose．

Terminal［K］Control devices with a pulse output can be connected to terminal $[\mathrm{K}]$ ． When terminal $[\mathrm{K}]$ switches to ground for at least 0.3 seconds，the pro－ grammed partitions will switch status（refer to Auxiliary command OP－ TIONS paragraph）．

## Connection of Alarm sensors

The Main Unit has 8 independent terminals for the connection of the sen－ sors：［L1］，［L2］，［L3］，［L4］，［L5］，［L6］，［L7］and［L8］．These are connected to the 8 Zones of the Main Unit（terminals［L1］，［L2］，［L3］，［L4］for Acad－ emy4）．
It is possible to connect sensors with Normally Closed Alarm contacts or sensors with Normally Open Alarm contacts．


## Figure 8

Connection of a sensor to a Normally Closed line

More than one sensor can be connected to each terminal. However, connectimon of one sensor is advisable, as this will facilitate sensor identification during an Alarm.

As factory default programming is for double balanced lines---balanced line resistors are provided, but will not be necessary if zones are programmed as N.C. (Normally Closed) or as NO (Normally Open).
Each input zone has its own power supply from terminals +F(5, 8, 11, 14, $17,20,23,26)$ and $[\pitchfork]$ ( $7,10,13,16,19,22,25,28)$.
Terminals [+B] and [ ${ }^{\circ}$ ] supply the zones on Academy 4 and Academy 8
The power supply to the sensors is protected by a fuse (5). If the fuse blows it will be signalled on:
the Keypad----TROUBLE LED ON.
the Panel----FUSE LED OFF.
Figures $8,9,10$ and 11 show the connection of one or more sensors to a zone.

Refer to the Tamper line connection paragraph for tamper switch connection (terminals A.S.).

## Sensor auxiliary inputs

Some sensors have auxiliary inputs for Memory and Walk Tests.
Memory This function allows identification of the sensor that generated Alarm status, and is particularly useful when more than one sensor is connected to the same line.

Walk Test This function allows the sensor alarm LED to be enabled during the Walk Test (Panel disarmed), and disabled during standby status (Panel armed), thus intruders will not be aware of their detection.


Figure 9 Sensor connection to balanced line


Figure 10 Sensor connection to double balanced line
The signal generated by the auxiliary outputs [01], [02], [03], [O4] can be used for this purposes.
Figure 12 shows the connection of three Bentel LB612 sensors, with positive command memory. The Auxiliary output [01] must be programmed as Normally Open, and must supply Partitions Disarmed signal (refer to PROGRAMMING). As the Main Unit output is an open-collector, a pull-up resistor must be used, in order to activate the positive command memory.

Fire sensor connection
This Panel is capable of monitoring fire detection devices, and providing household fire warnings. Only fire sensors with repeat outputs can be connected.

Step 1 Program a Zone as a Normally Open 24h Zone.


Figure 11 Connection of three sensors to the same balanced zone


Figure 12 Connection of three sensors with positive command memory
Step 2 Connect to the sensor repeat output.
Figure 13 shows the connection of three rate-of-rise temperature or smoke detectors Bentel RT-101, RT-102, RF501t.

The negative to the sensors is supplied by auxiliary output [O4] on Academy8L or by terminal [O2] on Academy 4 and Academy. These outputs must be programmed as Normally Closed, and must supply the Reset Fire Sensor signal (refer to PROGRAMMING).

A maximum current of 500 mA can circulate on terminal [O4] on Academy8L.
A maximum current of 100 mA can circulate on terminal [02] on Academy4 and Academy 8.
Figure 14 shows the connection of fire sensors with relay base to line L1 programmed as balanced. Output [O4] on Academy8L or Output [O2] on Academy 4 and Academy must be programmed as Normally Closed.

## Connection of signalling devices

Signalling devices can be classified as follows:
$>$ Intrinsic security devices activated by power failure on the specific ferminail e.g. self-powered sirens.
$>$ Positive alarm line devices activated by positive $(12 \mathrm{~V})$ on the terminal egg. indoor sirens.

Negative Alarm line devices activated by ground on the specific terminal.
Balanced Alarm line devices are activated by unbalanced impedance on the specific terminal.
${ }^{1}$ Academy $4 / 8$


## Figure 13 Connection of Fire sensors

Academy8L has a voltage free relay switch (terminals [NO], [COM] and [NC]) for the connection of all types of signalling devices, and a 12V switch (terminals [+A] and [+N]) for the connection of indoor sirens (terminal $[+A])$, and self-powered sirens ([+N]).
Figure 15 shows a connection of a self-powered siren and indoor siren.
Academy4 and Academy8 have a voltage free relay switch (terminals [NO], [COM] and [NC]) for the connection of all types of signalling devices.

## Balanced Tamper-line connection

The alarm device tamper switches can be connected to the 24 h balanced tamper line of the Main Unit, as follows.

Connect all the alarm device tamper switches in series.


Figure 14 Connection to a balanced line and relay base


Figure 15 Connection of self-powered siren and indoor siren
Connect one end of the series to terminal [AS] and the other to terminal [言]; connect the balance resistor to the last device.


If the tamper line is used, the device in tamper status will not be identified.
For sensor identification----connect the sensor tamper and alarm terminals to a Double Balanced zone (refer to "Connection of Alarm sensors" paragraph.

For device identification----connect the device tamper terminals to a 24h zone.


Figure 16 Connection of self-powered siren and indoor siren

Academy8L has 4 programmable auxiliary open-collector outputs [O1], [O2], [O3] and [O4].
Academy4 and Academy8 have 2 programmable auxiliary open-collector outputs [01], [O2]. These outputs can be connected to ground or open when the relevant signal is present.
The standby status of the output can be programmed, and the activating signals can be selected from the following: ARMED, DISARMED, TROUBLE, ALARM MEMORY, EXIT TIME, ENTRY TIME, CHIME, ARMING DELAY, FIRE GND, TELEPHONE LINE TROUBLE (refer to "Output Programming").
A maximum current of 500 mA can circulate on terminals [O1], [O2], [O3], and [O4] on Academy8L.
A maximum current of 100 mA max. current can circulate on terminals [01], and [O2] on Academy4 and Academy8.
Below are two of the many auxiliary output applications. Refer also to "Auxiliary control devices", "Sensor auxiliary inputs" and "Fire sensors" paragraphs.
$>$ Arming delay signalled on Buzzer: connect an auto-oscillating buzzer to a power supply terminal (e.g. [+B]) and to the Normally Open auxiliary output [01] ----programmed for ENTRY TIME signalling.
Courtesy lamp (during Exit Time): connect a relay coil to a power supply terminal (e.g. [+B]) and to the Normally Open auxiliary output [02]---programmed for EXIT TIME signalling. Use the voltage relay free switch to power the 230 V lamp.

## Telephone-line connection

Connect the telephone line to terminals [LE] to enable the telephone com-


Figure 17 Tamper switch connection
municator functions.
If the Panel shares the telephone line with another telephone device----conneat the latter to terminals [LI]. In this way, the Panel will take priority only in the event of an alarm.
$+$ Connect the earth terminal [ $\overline{\overline{\overline{ }}]}$ to the Mains earth line----in order to protect the PCB against surges from the telephone line.

WARNING Ensure that the Mains earth line is intact and operating properly before connecting the telephone line.

## BPI bus Configuration

On initial Startup the Panel will assign address 1 to the Keypad (refer to "Device Address"). This will be the basic configuration of the system. The installer must put all the other devices in the configuration. Devices that are not in the configuration will not be controlled by the Panel.

## Stop signalling devices

To stop the Alarm outputs terminals [+A]-[+N] and [NO]-[COM]-[NC]
Step 1 Disarm all partitions
Step 2 Enter INSTALLER PIN (on any keypad).
Step 3 Press ENTER.
The current telephone call will stop, and the call queue will be cleared.
Jumper 13 Signalling devices can also be stopped by short-circuiting the connector pins 13 on the PCB. It may also be useful to connect a keylock switch, to stop the signalling devices in the event of trouble on the communication bus, etc.


Ground connection
Figure 18 Telephone line connection

This Panel can be programmed via PC by means of the Omnia4-8-8L Academy4-8-8L NC2 application from the Security Suite software (optional) or from the Keypad (see PROGRAMMING FROM KEYPAD manual).

This chapter provides the parameter details and programming instructions, and should also be referred to when programming from the keypad.


Refer to the Security Suite manual for further information on the Omnia4-8-8L Academy4-8-8L NC2 application.

## Programming via PC

Step 1 Install Security Suite as per the instructions in the Security Suite manual.
Step 2 Start the Omnia4-8-8L Academy4-8-8L NC2 application.
Step 3 Select the Panel Type (refer to Customer data paragraph) and Firmware release (refer to Options paragraph Security Suite manual).

Step 4 Program the parameters as per the relevant instructions.
Step 5 Program as per the instructions in the On-site Programming via PC or Remote Programming via PC paragraph.
The programmed parameters can be saved on a PC hard disk or on a floppy disk then downloaded via telephone line to the Panel, or downloaded on-site (refer to the Save and Open Customer paragraphs in the Security Suite manual).

The parameters of each feature are grouped together in pages. The pages in this chapter are as per page order in the Omnia4-8-8L Academy4-8-8L NC2 application.

The program opens on the Customer data page.
$>$ The top row shows the File; Programming; Check; Buffer; Modem; Options; Page and Help menus.

The tags on the bottom row open the Customer; Config.; Zones; Outputs; Times; Codes; Digital Key; Options; Scheduler; Telephone; Events; Teleserv.; Clock and Inst. Code pages.
The Customer's Address, City, Customer tel.num and Installation description are for Customer identification purposes only.
The Essential data: Name; Installation tel. num. and Customer code must be programmed as per below.

Name Enter the Customer name.
Installation tel.
Enter the number of the telephone line the Panel is connected to. The Omnum. niaMOD modem will call this number when the Connecting option is selected from the Modem menu. This number can be different to the Customer tel.num (i.e. when more than one telephone line is available).
Accepted digits: 0 through 9 and commas (,). The comma is for 2 second pauses (e.g. between the prefix and the telephone number).

Customer code
Enter the Customer code in this field. This code will identify the Panel during communications with the OmniaMOD modem (for Teleservice or Test calls). Therefore, each Panel must have a different Customer code. Duplicate codes will be signalled when Save is selected (the code and the Panel it is assigned to will be shown).


The Customer code----entered on the Customer data page----will be copied automatically onto the Teleservice page, and vice versa.

Search button This button, on the Customer page, will assign the lowest Customer Code available. This method eliminates the possibility of code duplication.

Last update This parameter will be updated automatically when changes are made to the customer data, and cannot be modified manually.

Notes This button opens a window (notepad) for Customer notes. These notes will not appear in the Installation description field. If the notepad is empty, the icon (on the button) will show an empty page, otherwise, a full page will be shown.

## Configuration

On initial Startup the Panel will perform an auto-configuration cycle.
The configuration learned during this cycle will become the recognized BPI bus configuration (refer to the "Power supply connection" paragraph). Any changes must be made by the Installer.

The BPI bus configuration is essential to proper functioning of the system. The Panel will match each configuration reading with the programmed configuration, and mismatch---due to the loss of a device----will generate a BPI Fault Alarm. In the event of tamper the Panel will generate a BPI Tamper Alarm.


Select the Load > Page option from the Programming menu to view the configuration.

Configuration Open the Config. page----there are two columns of numbered boxes---one Setup for keypads and one for key readers.
The numbers correspond to the device addresses (refer to "Peripheral device connection" paragraph for details).

## Setup:

box checked = peripheral in configuration
box clear = peripheral not in configuration
Devices that are not in the configuration cannot be controlled by the Panel, and can be considered "Virtually disconnected".
Select the Details button to open the required Details window (Keypads or Key readers) and program the peripheral parameters, as follows.
no. This is the non-modifiable device address and identifier number.
Description Enter the device location e.g. Garage, Cloakroom, etc. (maximum 16 characters). This will identify the device in all actions.

## Keypads

1 ... 4 Use this row to assign the keypad to the partitions it must control (arm, disarm, etc.).


Figure 21
Key reader page

Keypads need not necessarily be assigned to partitions, and can be used for programming, display and other operating purposes.

## Key readers

The basic functions of the Panel can be controlled by a valid digital key at any key reader, the basic functions are:
$>$ Global arming ----A, B
Disarm partitions
Stop alarm signalling on partitions
The Main Unit can support up to 16 devices (key readers or keypads, maximum 8 keypads including the one supplied), up to 128 digital keys and an unlimited number of clone digital keys (clones of digital key 128). The digital keys must be programmed via keypad, as per the instructions in the "Digital key" paragraph. The following paragraphs describe the key reader parameters.

RED spot Numbers 1 through 8 on the top row correspond to the partitions.
(corresponds to Assign the key reader to the partitions it must control (arm, disarm, stop the red LED on alarm signalling, etc.).
the key reader) Double click (or press ENTER) on the selected box to toggle the status.
Yes (Yes) = key reader enabled on the corresponding partition.
box clear = key reader disabled on the corresponding partition.
All the enabled partitions will arm----if the digital key is extracted from the key reader when the RED LED is glowing.

[^0]The Main Unit has 8 Input zones (Academy4 has 4 Input zones) terminals [Lx].
The zones can be programmed as Alarm or Commands.
Alarm Violation of this type of zone---during armed status of its partition (refer to "Partitions") will activate:
the alarm output (terminals [+A], [+N] and [NO]-[COM]-[NC];
the [Alarm zone no.] event (no. indicates the zone identifier number).
One or more telephone actions (digital communicator and / or telephone dialler) can be assigned to this alarm event.
After generating [Alarm zone no.] event----a zone must reset to standby status before it can generate another (refer to "Balance types"). Persistent violation of this type of zone will be signalled by the corresponding key on the keypad.
The Panel will start monitoring a Delayed zone as soon as its partition is armed (refer to "Types"), otherwise, monitoring will start when the programmed Exit delay elapses (refer to "Partitions).
An alarm will be generated when the zone is unbalanced for 0.3 seconds (refer to "Balance types").
Each zone can generate alarm for the programmed number of times (refer to "Cycles").

Commands Violation or tamper of this type of zone will not generate alarm or tamper status, and will not be signalled on the keypads, stored in the alarm memory or logged in the Event Buffer.


Command zones can be programmed as either "Arm partitions" or "Switch partitions".

Arm partitions Violation or tamper of a Command zone programmed as "Arm partitions" will arm the partitions the zone is assigned to.

Switch partitions Violation or tamper of a Command zone programmed as "Switch partitions" will switch the status of the partitions the zone is assigned to (armed to disarmed or vice versa).

+ Command zones cannot be bypassed.
How to program Zones
The programming----done in the various sections on the right side of the page----will be transferred automatically to the table.


## Zones table description

no. This is the zone Identifier number that, where necessary, will be used instead of the full description (refer to "Description").

Ter. This abbreviation identifies the zone terminal.
Description This is the zone name (16 characters maximum)---used in all parts of the application as the zone Identifier.

Partitions Columns 1, 2, 3 and 4 show the partitions the Alarm zones are assigned to, or the Partitions the Command zones can control.

Step 1 Select the zone from the Zones table (top left of page).
Step 2 Assign the Zone description (top centre of page) e.g. Kitchen, Cloakroom, etc.

Step 3 Select either Alarm or Commands (top right of page).
Step 4 Program the selected zone, as follows.

- Type

Select the required zone type from the 6 options in the Type section.
Instant Violation of an armed Instant zone will generate an instant alarm.
Delayed Violation of an armed Delayed zone will trigger the alarm delay. If the Panel is not disarmed before the delay elapses, the Panel will generate an alarm event.

廿 Violation of this type of alarm zone during the Exit Time delay will not generate an alarm.

Path Violation of a Path zone (delayed zone to a disarm-point) will start the Entry Time Delay. The Entry Time Delay will give the user time to reach the disarm-point and disarm the partition. An instant alarm will be generated, if
this zone is violated before a Delayed zone. During the Exit Time delay this zone type will operate in the same way as a delayed zone.

See also Delayed on Partial arming attribute.
24h Violation of a 24 h zone will generate an instant alarm, whatever the status (armed / disarmed) of the partitions it is assigned to.

Duress This is a 24 h zone type: in the event of an alarm it will disarm the system (silent attribute), and activate the communicator and dialler simultaneously. This zone can be used for the connection of a "Silent alarm" button.

Fire This is a 24 h zone type, Normally Open (N.O. attribute), and can be used for fire sensor connection.

Alarm cycles
Enter the number of cycles for the alarm relay ( 0 through 14 cycles). Each zone can be programmed separately.

0 The zone will not generate any alarm cycles.
Cycles The zone will generate an alarm cycle each time it is violated. The zone cannot generate more than its programmed number of alarm cycles.
Further violation of the zone will not generate any kind of alarm until:
$>$ one of the partitions the zone is assigned to changes status.
$>$ the Alarm memory of one or more of its partitions is reset.
$>$ the Stop-alarm status ceases on one or more of its partitions (via keypad by means of a Code PIN or via key reader by means of digital key).
the programming session ends (via keypad or by means of local or remote connection).

Repetitive The zone will generate an unlimited number of alarm cycles.
Zones with a persistent alarm condition (egg. due to trouble) will generate one alarm cycle only, as required by CEI 79/2.

## Partitions

Alarm zones Assign the zone to one or more of the partitions. The partition codes, digital keys, and programmed times will be enabled on the zone.
----A violated zone with more than one partition will generate alarm when all its partitions are armed.
----A violated zone that can generate 24 h alarms ( 24 h zone, Duress, Fire or Zone Tamper for balanced or double balanced zones) will generate alarms whatever the status of the partitions it is assigned to (armed / disarmed). ----Delayed zones with more than one partition, will have the Entry or Exit times of the partition with the highest values.

Command zones Select the partitions that the Command zone will control.

| Arm partitions | Violation or tamper of an Arm partitions zone will arm the partitions the zone is assigned to. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Switch partition | Violation or tamper of a Switch partitions zone will switch the status of the partitions the zone is assigned to (armed to disarmed or vice versa). |
|  | Balance types |
|  | Select the zone balance type from the 4 options in the "Balance types" section. An alarm zone will signal violation when the electrical conditions of its selected balance type are present on the corresponding input terminal for at least 0.3 seconds. |
| + | See also Double Pulse option. |
| Normally Closed | The zone will be connected to negative (closed) during Standby status. The Panel will detect violation when the zone disconnects from negative (opens). |
| Normally Open | The zone will be open during Standby status. The Panel will detect violation when the zone switches to ground (negative). |
| Balanced 10K | The zone will be in Standby status when it is connected to negative through a $10 \mathrm{~K}(10,000$ ohm) resistor. The Panel will generate a tamper event if the zone switches to ground (negative). The Panel will generate a zone alarm if the zone is unbalanced (zone open). |
| Double Balanced | The zone will be in Standby status when it is connected to negative through two $10 \mathrm{~K}(10,000 \mathrm{ohm})$ resistors. The Panel will generate a zone alarm if one of the resistors disconnects. The Panel will generate a tamper event in all other cases (open zone, zone connected to negative, etc.). |

## Attributes

Select the zone attributes from the 5 options in the "Attributes" section.
Double Pulse This attribute will lower the sensitivity of the zone, as it doubles (from 0.3 to 0.6 seconds) the minimum alarm pulse time required by an alarm zone for alarm condition detection.

Unbypassable Unbypassable zones cannot be bypassed.
Chime Violation of a Chime zone---during disarmed status of one of its partitions, will activate the CHIME outputs, and a fast beep on keypads of the partition the zone is assigned to.

Test Violation of a Test zone will not activate the signalling devices, the digital communicator or dialler, and the Zone Alarm events will not be logged.

Silent Violation of a Silent zone will activate the telephone communicator only. The alarm output will not be activated, and violation will not be signalled on the keypad.

Delayed on A Path zone can be programmed as Delayed on Partitioning.
Partitioning If the zone is assigned to several partitions----and not all are armed----the zone will operate as a delayed zone.

## Outputs

Academy8L has four 0.5A open-collector outputs (terminals [01], [02], [O3], [O4]).
Academy4 and Academy8 have two 0.1A open-collector outputs (terminals [01], [02]). These outputs can be programmed to supply the following signals: Armed partitions, Disarmed partitions, Trouble, Alarm Memory, Exit Time, Entry Time, Chime, Arming delay, Alarm and Tamper, Fire Sensor Reset, Telephone Line Trouble.

## How to program Outputs

The programming----done in the various sections on the bottom part of the page----will be transferred automatically to the table.

## Outputs table description

Output This is the sequential number of the output on the main board.
no. This is the Output Identifier number that, where necessary, will be used instead of the full description (refer to "Description").

Ter. This abbreviation identifies the output terminal.
Description This is the zone name ( 16 characters maximum) that will be used in all parts of the application as the zone Identifier.

Attributes This is the electrical status of the output during standby status:
NO = Normally Open
NC = Normally Closed
Partitions Columns 1, 2, 3 and 4 show the assigned partitions.
十
The output will be activated when the programmed signal is generated by a partition assigned to the output or when the programmed signal is generated by the Panel.

Step 1 Select the output from the Outputs table (top half of page).
Step 2 Assign one or more partitions to the output---double click to toggle the status.
Step 3 Enter the Output description e.g. Indoor siren, Outdoor siren, etc.
Step 4 Program the selected output, as follows.

## Attributes

The open-collector outputs (terminals [0x]) can be programmed as Normally Open or Normally Closed.

Normally Open Standby status: output open<br>Active status: negative present on the output<br>Normally Closed Standby status: negative present on the output Active status: output open

## Signals

The outputs can be programmed to generate the following signals.
Partitions Armed The output will be activated when one (or more) of its partitions is armed.
Partitions The output will be activated when one (or more) of its partitions is disDisarmed armed.

Trouble The output will be activated in the event of Main Unit trouble: blown fuse; mains failure; low battery; communication bus trouble; reset factory default.

Alarm Memory The output will be activated in the event of alarm memory on one, or more zones of the partition the output is assigned to.

Exit time The output will be activated during the Exit time of the partitions it is assigned to.

Entry time The output will be activated during the Entry time of the partitions it is assigned to.

Chime The output will be activated when a Chime zone is violated during disarmed status, of one or more of the partitions the zone is assigned to.


The output must be assigned to one or more of the partitions of the zone.
Arming delay This output will be activated during the Arming delay of the partitions it is assigned to.
$\begin{aligned} \text { Alarm and } & \text { The output will be activated in the event of alarm or tamper on one or more } \\ \text { Tamper-Restore } & \text { zones of a partition the output is assigned to. This status will be held for } \\ \text { on bell timeout } & \text { the programmed alarm time. }\end{aligned}$ Panel, Terminal [AS] unbalanced, False key, Keypad tamper).

Fire GND The Reset Alarm Memory command will activate the output for 10 secodds. The keypad and Code PIN in use must be enabled on one or more of the partitions the output is assigned to.
It is possible to use an output as the negative power supply to the fire sensors. In this case, the output must be programmed with the Normally Closed attribute and the Fire GND signal. The Reset Alarm Memory command will cause the negative to fail for 10 seconds, and thus will reset the fire sensors.

Telephone line The output will be activated for 15 minutes when the telephone line current trouble drops below 3 V for more than 30 seconds. The output will return to standby status 15 minutes after restoral.

## Alarm and <br> Tamper-Restore on zone reset

The output will be activated in the event of alarm or tamper on one or more zones of a partition the output is assigned to. This status will be held until the zone returns to standby status.

## Times

The Entry time, Exit time and Arming delay of the partition must be programmed individually on the Times table (top half of page).

## Times table description

no. This is the non-modifiable partition number that will be used instead of the partition description.

Description Enter the identifier name of the partition----maximum 16 characters. The name will be used in other parts of the application, and in the Event Buffer.

Entry time Enter the necessary Entry time (in seconds). Violation of an armed zone----programmed with the Entry time signal (refer to Outputs page)---will activate the programmed delay.
Entry Time will be signalled by:
$>$ activation of the partition outputs----programmed with the Entry time signal;
$>$ an audible signal (fast beep) on the enabled keypads of the partition.
Exit time Enter the necessary Exit time (in seconds). Violation of an armed zone---programmed with the Exit time signal (refer to Outputs page)---will not generate an alarm during the programmed delay. The delay will start
when the partition arms.
Exit Time will be signalled by:
activation of the partition outputs----programmed with the Exit time signal;
$>$ an audible signal (slow beep) on the enabled keypads of the partition.

## Arming delay

Enter the necessary Arming delay (in minutes). An output must be programmed with the Arming delay signal (refer to Outputs page).

## Example

If partition no. 1 is programmed to arm at 17.45 with a 15 minute Arming delay----the Arming delay will start at 17.30 and end at 17.45.
Auto-arming can be delayed by 30 minute overtime requests----valid until 24.00 (refer to "Scheduler" paragraph).

Arming delay: 0 through 99 minutes with steps of 1 minute 0 minutes = No Arming delay

Alarm Time Enter the Alarm Time (0 through 99 minutes). This parameter determines the alarm cycle time, and will apply to all zones.

Patrol Time Enter the necessary Patrol Time ( 0 through 99 minutes). Partitions disarmed by a Patrol Code PIN will rearm automatically after the time programmed in this field. The programmed time will apply to all partitions.


The codes and digital keys allow different levels of access to the system, and must be programmed in the Codes page.
Each code comprises:
---PIN (4 to 6 digits)
----Type (MAIN USER, USER, PATROL, DURESS, DISABLED)
----Enabled Partitions
----Type A Arming mode
----Type B Arming mode
24 codes The Panel can manage up to 24 codes. Codes 1 through 23 are for users, available and code 24 is for the Installer (refer to "Installer Code" paragraph). The Installer can program the User code parameters but cannot program the User code PINs.

## Keypads and User Code PINs

Each keypad can be assigned to a specific group of partitions (refer to the Config. page). Keypads and Code PINs can control their enabled partitions only, thus, an enabled Code PIN entered on an disabled keypad will have no effect. This dual level of control means that the partitions a Code PIN can control depends on the keypad. Therefore, the same operation can have different effects on different keypads.

Main User This Code allows full command of the system: Global arming, Partitioning, Global disarming, Memory Reset, Stop Alarm, Zone Bypass, Enable Teleservice and User Code PIN programming.

User This Code Type allows Global arming / disarming and Reset Alarm Memory.

Duress This Code Type allows Global arming / disarming, and should be used in the event of forced disarming, as this code will disable the system and activate the Telephone Dialler simultaneously.

Patrol This Code Type can disarm the partitions for the programmed Patrol time. The partition will rearm automatically when the patrol time elapses.

## How to program Codes

Step 1 Select the code from the Codes table (upper part of page). The selected Code identifier number ( 1 through 23) will be shown in the Codes box (lower part of page).

Step 2 Enter the name of the Code User.
Step 3 Click on Code Type (bottom left of the Codes box) then select the required Type (Main User, User etc.) from the menu.

Step 4 Double click on the box below the partition number row (1-2-3-4) to Enable / Disable the Code on the partitions.
YES = Code Enabled on the corresponding partition


Box Clear = Code Disabled on the corresponding partition
Step 5 Double click on the A row boxes to select the partitions that will Arm / Disarm when the Code makes a Type $\mathbf{A}$ arming request.
A = The corresponding partition will Arm
D = The corresponding partition will Disarm
Step 6 Double click on the B row boxes to select the partitions that will Arm / Disarm when the Code makes a Type $\mathbf{B}$ arming request.
A = The corresponding partition will Arm
D = The corresponding partition will Disarm

- The programmed data will be transferred automatically to the Codes table.

Step 7 Repeat the procedure as required. Select the Download button to download the programming to the Panel.


The default PINs of all the Enabled Codes must be changed for security reasons. The New Code PINs (Personal Identification Number) will identify the Users in all the operations they are involved in.

- The Panel must be connected to the PC----via serial or modem.

Step 1 Select the PIN button on the Codes page.
Step 2 Select the Upload button----the Code attributes will be Uploaded (Descripton, Type and Partitions).

Step 3 Enter the PIN of a Main User Code (default PIN on initial Startup) in the Main User Code field then select OK.

Step 4 Select the corresponding Main User Code identifier number (1 through 23) or the identifier number of the Code to be changed from the Code table (bottom left of page).

Step 5 Enter the New PIN in the New PIN field in the PIN Programming box (top right of page).

Step 6 Enter the New PIN in the Confirm PIN field then select OK.

- A Main User Code PIN can change all User, Duress and Patrol Code PINs enabled on the group of partitions it controls.

Example Main User Code PIN controls partitions 1 and 2, therefore:
----User Code PINs controlling partitions 1 and 2 can be changed
---User Codes PINs controlling partitions 1 can be changed
----User Codes PINs controlling partitions 1 and $\mathbf{3}$ cannot be changed.


Main User Code PINs cannot change the PINs of other Main User Codes.

Step 7 Repeat the operation as required then select the Download button to download the programming to the Panel.

The Panel can support up to 128 different digital keys, and an unlimited number of clone keys (clones of digital key 128). Each digital key can be assigned a 16 character name in the Digital Key page. The name will be used as the digital key identifier in all the operations it is involved in.
no. This is the identifier number (1 through 128) of the digital key to be used when programming the digital key on the keypad.

Description Enter the name of the User in this field (maximum 16 characters).
Enable Double click Enable / Disable the digital key. Disabled digital keys
will not be considered false but will be unable to control the system.
Service Double click to Enable / Disable the Service attribute. Service digital keys can disable the system for maintenance purposes.
YES = Attribute enabled
NO = Attribute disabled

- During Service mode the alarm relay will be deactivated, therefore, the Panel will not generate alarms.

Reset call queue Double click to Enable / Disable the Reset call queue attribute. Enabled digital keys can stop ongoing calls and clear the call queue.
YES = Attribute enabled
NO = Attribute disabled
1.. 4 Double click to Enable / Disable the digital key on the corresponding partitions (1-2-3-4).
YES = Enabled on the corresponding partition
NO = Disabled on the corresponding partition

| Momschez / Dames |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fio Aogorm |  | Pase H (10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Digital Keys |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Partit | titions |  |  |  |  |
| Num. | Dascription | Enebla | Service | Reset cal quaue 1 | 12 | $2{ }^{2}$ | 3 | 4 | ㅂ |  |  |
| 1 | Robert Maxwell | Yes | Yes | No Yo | Yes Y | Yes | Yes | Yes |  |  |  |
| 2 | Jotin Maxelw | Yes | Yes | No Y | Yes Y | Yes |  | No |  |  |  |
| 3 | Peter Maxoral | Yes | Yes | No | Yes Y | Yes | No | No |  |  |  |
| 4 | Mike Comel | Yes | Yes | No Y | Yes Y | Yes | No | No |  |  |  |
| 5 | Greg Wiliams | Y6s | Y6s | No No | No Y | Yes | Ye5 | Ye5 |  |  |  |
| 6 | Pete Williams | Yes | Yes | No Na | No Y | Yes | Yes | Yes |  |  |  |
| 7 | Lucy Comal | Y6s | Yes | No No | No Y | Yes | Ye5 | Ye5 |  |  |  |
| 8 | Patrick Donovan | Yes | Yes | No Y | Yes Y | Yes | No | No |  |  |  |
| 9 | Peul Marcti | Yes | Yes | No No | No No | No | Ye5 | Ye5 |  | 4 Downioad |  |
| 10 | James Stock | Yes | Yes | No Yos | Yes No | No | No | No |  |  |  |
| 11 | Cigital koy 11 | Yes | Yes | No $\quad$ Y | Yes Y | Yes | Yes | $\mathrm{Y}_{65}$ |  | -upiosa |  |
| 12 | Digital key 12 | Yes | Yes | No Y | Yes Y | Yes | Yes | Yes |  | ? Help |  |

False digital key tamper signalling

The Enabled / Disabled status of the Options will determine the operating mode of the Panel.
Click on the check box----to Enable / Disable the corresponding option.
box checked = Enabled
box clear $=$ Disabled
Enabled: false digital keys will generate a tamper alarm.
Disabled: false digital keys will not generate a tamper alarm.


In both cases false digital keys will be unable to operate on the system.

Immediate Mains Trouble signalling

Enabled: power failure will be signalled immediately.
Disabled: power failure will be signalled after 15 minutes blackout.
Key reader LED permanently active

Enabled: key reader LED will signal Panel status at all times.
Disabled: key reader LED will signal Panel status only in response to a valid digital key. This option is enabled at default.

Reset Tamper
Memory denied to User Code

Reset Alarm Memory denied to Installer Code

Enabled: only MAIN USER and USER Code PINs can Reset Alarm Memcory.
Disabled: INSTALLER, MAIN USER and USER Code PINs can Reset Alarm Memory.


Figure 27 Options page

## Arming Denied with Battery Trouble

Disable
Telephone line check

Enabled: the system will not arm when the battery is low.
Disabled: the system will arm even when the battery is low.

Select this option when the Panel is not connected to the telephone line, otherwise, Telephone line trouble will be signalled constantly on the keypads, and during Trouble viewing mode.
----box checked: Telephone line trouble will not be signalled
----box clear: Telephone line trouble will be signalled by:
A = ON (on keypads)
${ }^{\boldsymbol{0}}=\mathbf{O N}$ (Trouble viewing mode)

Bypass zone tamper signalling

Call all Central station numbers

Enabled: zone tamper signalling will be bypassed on bypassed zones.
Disabled: zone tamper will be signalled on bypassed zones.
Enabled: all the Central station telephone numbers----programmed for an event---will be called even after a successful call.
Disabled: the telephone numbers----programmed for an event---- will stop after the first successful call.

Call all voice message numbers

Enabled: all the voice message telephone numbers----programmed for an event----will be called even after a successful call.
Disabled: the voice message telephone numbers----programmed for an event----will stop after the first successful call. This option is enabled at default.

ICON/KP Enabled: Panel ready for ICON/KP keypads.
keypads Disabled: Panel ready for NC2TAST keypads.


Auto-bypass
Enabled: the zone will be bypassed automatically----if violation is detected on partition arming. The event will be logged in the event buffer.
Disabled: the zone will not be bypassed---if violation is detected on partition arming.

Real time zone Enabled: the zone will reset when the alarm status stops.
reset Disabled: the zone will reset after the programmed alarm time has elapsed, and the alarm condition is no longer present.

## Auto-Reset Memories

The memories of the selected partitions will reset automatically each time they are armed.

Auxiliary The selected partitions will switch status when terminal [K] switches to Command [K] ground (negative) for at least 0.3 second (refer to "Auxiliary Control Devices" paragraph).

2 way Audio alert If this option is enabled, the panel will open the Audio channel for 15 sec onds before activating Listen-in.

The Scheduler controls Auto-arming of the partitions.


It is not possible to select between Daily or Weekly schedules in Firmware release 3.00 and higher, therefore, the days of the week must be programme individually.

Weekly The panel will arm as per the programmed times of the day in question.
Overtime request 30 minute Overtime requests can be made until midnight (24.00). Overtime requests that go past midnight will be rectified to 24.00 .


The Panel can manage 8 telephone numbers. The Telephone numbers, telephone line data, and options must be programmed as follows.
no. This is the non-modifiable identifier number (1 through 8) that will be used instead of the whole telephone number----when programming from the keypad or where necessary in the application.

Number Enter the whole telephone number----maximum 16 digits including pauses. Accepted digits: 0 through 9 and the comma (,).
Use the comma for pauses (for example, between a telephone number and area code).
The telephone number will be used by the:
-----Telephone Dialler
----Digital Communicator
----DTMF communicator, and for teleservice requests.
Description Enter the name of the telephone number user (maximum 16 characters).

## Dialling options

Disable Tone check

Pulse Dialling

Enabled: the Panel will dial the telephone numbers without checking for the dial tone. This option is useful when the Panel is connected downstream to a switchboard with non-standard tones.
Disabled: the Panel will check for the dial tone before dialling and, if the dial tone is not present, will disengage and retry.

Enabled: the Panel will dial in Pulse mode.
Disabled: the Panel will dial in DTMF mode.


Select the type of telephone number: Central station, Teleservice, Voice Message (requires NormaVox board).

Central station
Select the Central station specifications in this field.
Communication The Central station can assign one of the following data transfer protocols: Protocol
$>$ ADEMCO / SILENT KNIGHT - slow 10 baud - 3/1, 4/1, 4/2
ADEMCO / SILENT KNIGHT - fast is baud - 3/1, 4/1, 4/2
FRANKLIN / SECOA / DCI - VERTEX - Fast 20 baud - 3/1, 4/1, 4/2
RADIONICS - 40 baud - 3/1, 4/1, 4/2
SCANTRONIC - 10 baud - 3/1, 4/1, 4/2
> CONTACT ID
> LESA.
CUSTOMIZED This pulse protocol allows customization of:
----Handshake
----Call ended tone
----Single pulse code length
----Digit pause
----Pulse pause
----Interframe pause
Customer Code This is the Panel identifier code----usually assigned by the Central Station.
The Customer code can comprise 3 or 4 digits
CONTACT ID requires 4 digits ----CESA requires 5 digits:
0 through 9 and characters A through $\mathbf{F}$ (HEX digits).
$\mathbf{0}=\mathbf{A}$ for Pulse protocols.
Remote Listen-in Enabled: remote listen-in sessions can be opened on the protected premines (valid for all protocols).
If the $\mathbf{2}$ way Audio alert option is enabled, the panel will open the Audio channe for 15 seconds before activating Listen-in refer to "Options" section.

2way Audio Enabled: two-way communication sessions can be opened with persons on the protected premises (valid for all protocols).

Voice message Enabled: the Voice message selected in the Events page will be sent when its assigned action occurs (refer to the Events paragraph).

Teleservice This is the Teleservice number. The Teleservice parameters must be programme in the Teleservice page.

None Select None to disable the assigned Telephone number.

Events
Program the events in this page. Each event can activate one or both of the following:
$>$ the Digital Communicator (Pulse and DTMF);
> the Voice Telephone Dialler.
The events table is set out as follows:
no. This column shows the identifier number of each event.
Description This is a list of Panel events (refer to "Programming from keypad" for furthar details).

Telephone The selected telephone numbers (right side of the page) will be called number when the corresponding event occurs.

Event code The Event codes are usually assigned by the Central Station, and allow the Central station operators to identify the events.
Event codes comprise 2 digits:
0 through 9 and characters $\mathbf{A}$ through $\mathbf{F}$ (HEX digits). $\mathbf{0}=\mathbf{A}$ for Pulse protocols.

The Event codes will be sent to Central Station telephone numbers only.


Figure 30

Contact ID Select the Contact ID button to assign the codes in column A of the table on page 26 (Programming from Keypad). These codes will be sent to the Central Station with lowest Identifier number that supports Contact ID protocol.

Delete Select the Delete button to delete all the event codes and clear all the telephone numbers.

Voice message Voice messages will be sent when the programmed event occurs.

|  | EVENT | OCCURS when ... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{r} 01 \\ : \\ 04 \end{array}$ | Alarm Partition no. | ... one of the zones assigned to the Partition is in alarm status ${ }^{1}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r} 05 \\ \vdots \\ 12 \end{array}$ | Alarm Zone no. | ... the Zone is in alarm status ${ }^{1}$ |
| 13 | Tamper | .... one of the following conditions is detected: <br> Zone tamper (Balanced, Double Balanced); Open Panel²; Terminal [AS] unbalanced, False key ${ }^{3}$; Keypad Tamper ${ }^{4}$. |
| 14 | Mains Trouble | .... mains power fails for more than the allowed time (refer to the "Options" paragraph in the "Programming" chapter) |
| 15 | Low Battery Trouble | ... the battery is low or empty, and therefore, unable to power the Panel. The battery is constantly monitored by the system (dynamic check), however, in the event of blackout a static check will be done. |
| 16 | Fuse Trouble | ... fuse 5 blows |
| 17 | BPI Trouble | ... one or more BPI devices fails to respond |
| $\begin{array}{r} 18 \\ : \\ 25 \end{array}$ | Reset Alarm Zone no. | ... standby status is restored on the zone, and all alarm generating conditions is no longer present |
| 26 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Reset } \\ \text { Tamper } \end{array}$ | ... alarm status ends, and all conditions that generate the tamper event (Zone tamper; Open Panel²; Terminal [AS] unbalanced; False key ${ }^{3}$; Keypad Tamper ${ }^{4}$ ) are no longer present |
| 27 | Reset Mains Trouble | ... mains power restored |
| 28 | Reset Low Battery Trouble | ... battery OK |
| 29 | Reset Fuse Trouble | ... fuse 5 OK |
| 30 | Reset BPI Trouble | ... all BPI bus devices in the configuration respond |
| 31 | Superkey 1 | key 1 pressed for 4 seconds |
| 32 | Superkey 2 | key 2 pressed for 4 seconds |
| 33 | Superkey 3 | key 3 pressed for 4 seconds |
| $\begin{array}{r} 34 \\ : \\ 37 \end{array}$ | Partition no. Armed | ... partition armed by a Code or digital key |
| $\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ \vdots \\ 41 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Partition no. Disarmed | ... partition disarmed by a Code or digital key |


| $\begin{array}{r} 42 \\ \vdots \\ 45 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Special Arming Partition no. | ... partition armed by: Command zone; Terminal [K]; Scheduler; PC (via modem) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{r} 46 \\ : \\ 49 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Special } \\ \text { Disarming } \\ \text { Partition no. } \end{array}$ | ... partition disarmed by: Command zone; Terminal [K]; Scheduler; PC (via modem) |
|  | Partitions Armed/Disarmed by Code no. | ... partition armed / disarmed by Code |
|  | Partitions Armed/Disarmed by Digital key no. | ... partition armed / disarmed by a digital key |
| 82 | Command via modem | ... partition armed / disarmed, or Zone bypassed / unbypassed via modem |
| $\begin{array}{r} 83 \\ \vdots \\ 86 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Reset } \\ \text { Memory } \\ \text { Partition no. } \end{array}$ | ... partition Alarm Memory cleared |
| $\begin{aligned} & 87 \\ & 94 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Bypassed Zone no. | ... zone bypassed |
| $\begin{array}{r} 95 \\ 102 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Unbypassed Zone no. | ... zone unbypassed |
| 103 | Test | ... programmed in the Teleservice page |
| 104 | Telephone line trouble | ... the telephone line current drops below 3 V for over 30 seconds |
| 105 | Reset <br> Telephone line trouble | ... Telephone line voltage normal for over 15 minutes |
| $\begin{array}{\|r} 106 \\ : \\ 109 \end{array}$ | Partition no. Disarmed by Duress | ... partition disarmed by the Duress code |
| 110 | Event Buffer 70\% full | ... 90 events logged since last reading of the Event Buffer via PC |
| $\begin{array}{r} 111 \\ : \\ 118 \end{array}$ | Failed Call to Tel.Number | ... a call to the telephone number ( 1 through 8 ) is unsuccessful N.B. For security reasons events 111 through 118 cannot be programmed to call their corresponding Telephone numbers. <br> e.g. Event 111 cannot call Telephone number no. 1 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 119 \\ \vdots \\ 126 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Auto-bypass zone no. | ... zone bypassed automatically |

1 Refer to Zones page for the conditions that generate zone alarm and tamper.

2 Opening of tamper microswitch 8.

3 Applies when the False key option is enabled.
4 Opening of microswitch 21 (open-Main Unit tamper microswitch) or of 29 (snatch microswitch) on keypad.

Teleservice
The OMNIAMOD/V1 or OMNIAMOD/V2 modem, and the software applications will allow the Installer to teleservice Main Units, that is, solve problems and change the Main Unit parameters via telephone line.


The Panel will answer incoming Teleservice calls only when the Teleservice option is enabled (refer to "Enable Teleservice" paragraph in the User Manual).
The Panel will engage the line after the programmed Number of Rings, except when the Double call option is enabled.

Double call This function allows the Panel to share the telephone line with other answering devices (answerphone, fax, etc.). The line will be engaged by the device with the least number of rings. However, if the Double call option is enabled, the Panel will override other telephone devices when the Double call sequence is acknowledged.
Double-call sequence: the User must call the Panel and allow 2 rings only before hanging up, then redial within 60 seconds. The Panel will answer on the first ring of the second call.


The other answering device must be programmed to answer after 3 or more rings.


The Double call option is managed automatically by the OmniaMOD modem.
Rings This determines the number of rings before the Panel will answer an incoming call.
This parameter will be ignored when the Double call option is enabled.
Callback When this option is enabled the Panel will check the validity of an incoming Teleservice call by calling the number selected from the Installer teephone number menu. In this way authorized persons only can access Teleservice.

Customer code
The Customer code in this page is linked to the Customer code in the Custamer page, therefore, changes in this page will automatically be transfurred to the Customer page, and vice versa.

## Test Event

The Test event will activate the digital, voice and teleservice calls, as per programming in the Test row on the Events page. The Test event will be performed periodically, according to the following parameters.

Enable Test call (Teleservice)

Select this option to enable the panel to send the Test call (Teleservice) to the Installer. The Test call will be sent automatically at regular intervals (as per Test programming----refer to Events page).

Enable Test Select this option to enable the panel to send a Test event call to the Cenevent tral station each time the Test event occurs.

If Test call (Teleservice) is enabled the panel will not send a Test event call to the Central station. If both call options are enabled the panel will send the Test call to the Installer only.

Test event Interval: enter the number of hours between test events----4 digits maximum.
Minutes: enter the minutes value of the established time of the test event---2 digits.
Delay: enter the number of hours before the established time of the first test event---4 digits maximum (refer o the example).

Initialize Click on this button to initialize the Test Interval and Delay. The Delay will start when the programming session closes and will be counted from the hour value (e.g. programming closed at 10:20 delay will start at 10:00).

Example established time 17:30 every Monday
Interval: 168 hours ( 7 days x 24 hours)
Minutes: 30 (established time 17:30)
Programming session closed at 10:20 Monday----from 10:00 to 17:00 $=9$ hours therefore:

Delay: 9
The Test event will be generated at 17:30---as the final sum includes the programmed Delay of 9 hours and the programmed Minutes value of 30.

However, if the first Test event is required at $\mathbf{1 7 . 3 0}$ on Tuesday or Wednesday, etc. the 9 hour Delay must be increased by 24 hours for each day.
$+$
The programmed delay will reset the start values after every programming session.

Enable buffer reading in Receiver

This option will allow the Installer to download and view the buffer contents through the Receiver application (Bentel Security Suite).

## Clock

> All scheduled actions depend on the clock setting, therefore, the Clock must be set with precision.
> Clock Select the real-time Hour, Minute, Day, Month and Year----use the Up / Down arrows to scroll.


The Installer Code PIN is of utmost importance, as it allows the Installer to program the Panel parameters via local / remote PC, and access the INSTALLER MENU from the keypad.

## Current Installer Code PIN

Enter the Installer Code PIN in the PIN field (Installer Code window) to download. If the entered Installer Code PIN does not match the programmed PIN----the request for a New Installer Code PIN will be revoked.

## How to change

Current PIN
Step 1 Enter the current Installer Code PIN in the Pin field.
Step 2 Enter the New Installer Code PIN in the New PIN field.
Step 3 Confirm New Installer Code PIN (protection against errors).
Step 4 Download the New Installer Code PIN to the Panel.
Firmware release Select the Load button to view the Panel Firmware release.


Only the Installer Code PIN can access the Panel programming phase.
Step 1 Connect a PC serial port to the Panel serial port (7) by a CVSER/9F9F serial cable (optional) or make the cable as per figure 34a.
If the PC has 25 pin serial-port connector----use an ADSER/9M25F adapter (optional) or make the cable as per figure 34b.

Step 2 Select Serial ports from the Options menu then select the serial port (Control Panel section) used for the connection to the Panel. Click on OK to confirm.

Step 3 Select Inst. code page (bottom row)----enter the Installer Code PIN in the PIN field. Click on OK to confirm.

Step 4 Select Customer page (bottom row)----select the corresponding Panel type from the Control panel menu.

Step 5 Select Firmware Release from the Options menu then select the Panel firmware release from the Firmware Release menu. Click on OK to confirm.

Use the Download and Upload buttons (on every page) to transfer the


Figure 34
specific page data to and from the Panel that is connected via telephone.
Use the Download and Upload options from the Programming menu to transfer the full programming data to and from the Panel that is connected via telephone. Full onsite data transfer will take about 2 minutes.

## Remote programming via PC

Only the Installer Code PIN can access the Panel programming phase.


The Teleservice option must be enabled by the User (refer to Enable I Disable Teleservice paragraph in the USER MANUAL).

Step 1 Connect OmniaMOD to the PC by means of the serial cable (as per Onsite programming via PC).

Step 2 Select Serial ports from the Options menu----select the serial port (used for the connection to the Panel) from the Modem section. Click on OK to confirm.

Step 3 Setup the Modem (refer to the Modem paragraph in the Security Suite manual).

Step 4 Select Connecting from the Modem menu to open the Connection management window (see figure 35).

Step 5 Enter the Panel telephone number in the Telephone Number field.
Step 6 Program:
----Disable Tone Check option (refer to Telephone paragraph)
----Double Call and Callback options (refer to Teleservice paragraph) as per requirements.


The parameters in the Connection management window can be temporarily changed without affecting the programmed parameters of the open customer.

Step 7 Enter the Installer Code PIN in the Installer Code field.
Step 8 Select Dial to start the connection.
The connection sequence will be shown in the box at the bottom of the Connection management window. Do not select the OK button until the connection has been established, and one of the following message appears:
Academy8L-Omnia8L-NC2 ACK Installer code recognized
Omnia8-Academy8 ACK Installer code recognized
Omnia4-Academy4 ACK
Installer code recognized

Step 9 Select OK to confirm----the Connection management window will close.
Use the Download and Upload buttons (on every page) to transfer the specific page data to and from the Panel that is connected via telephone.
Use the Download and Upload options from the Programming menu to transfer all the programming data to and from the Panel that is connected via telephone. Remote on-site data transfer will take about 7 minutes.

Step 10 Select On-hook from the Modem menu to end the connection.
Software The box at the bottom of the Connection management window shows the messages connection status, as per the following messages.

| Omnia/Norma <br> MODEM v. x.xx | Modem version----connected to the PC serial port |
| :--- | :--- |
| Modem not rec- <br> ognized | Modem not recognized on the selected serial port. <br> Check the cable and the selected Serial port (Select <br> Serial ports from the Options menu). |
| Receiving.... | The Modem / PC system is waiting for an incoming <br> call. This is the system status when the window <br> opens. |
| RING | Rings detected on telephone line |
| BACK RING | Dialled telephone number ringing |
| ACADEMY8L-OM- <br> NIA8L-NC2 ACK | Academy8L-Omnia8-NC2 Panel acknowledged |
| OMNIA4-ACAD- <br> EMY4 ACK | Omnia4-Academy4 Panel acknowledged |
| OMNIA8-ACAD- <br> EMY8 ACK | Omnia8-Academy8 Panel acknowledged |
| Installer Code <br> reading error | The Code PIN sent to the Panel cannot be read---- <br> probably due poor quality signal on telephone line. |
| Failed connec- <br> tion | Failed Connection with the Panel----probably due to <br> poor quality telephone line signal. |



## NCDUEVOX voice board

The NCDUEVOX voice board (optional) can send voice messages (telephone dialler).

## General features

$\square$ Voice board---records and plays alarm messages
$\square$ Records 8 alarm messages (four 15 second messages and four 7 second messages)
$\square$ Repeats the alarm message up to 4 times
$\square$ Loudspeaker for alarm message play

- Talk / Listen-in function

Parts

| PART |  |
| ---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 7}$ | Microphone |
| 38 | LEDs |
| 39 | Loudspeaker |
| $\mathbf{4 0}$ | NCDUEVOX connector |
| 41 | Voice board |
| 42 | Play button |
| 43 | Record button |
| 44 | Terminal board for voice board connection |
| 45 | Microphone board |
| 46 | Loudspeaker connector |



Figure 36 Parts identification and installation of the NCDUEVOX and OMNIAVOX-MS board

Remote listen-in can be expanded by means of the OmniaVox-MS Micro-phone-Loudspeaker Board (optional). The OmniaVox-MS board can be located as per requirements, thus allowing the user to listen-in on specific parts of the protected premises.
The OmniaVox-MS Microphone-Loudspeaker Board---installed outside the Main Unit----must be located as near as possible to the point of intended use.
Sound quality may be affected if the maximum distance between the Om-niaVox-MS Microphone-Loudspeaker Board and the NCDUEVOX Voice exceeds 50 metres.
The voice messages can be recorded by means of the NCDUEVOX Voice Board. The OmniaVox-MS should be disconnected before recording the messages, as this will improve sound quality.

## - Record / Play

The Panel must be in Service mode (as per maintenance). Use the jumper 13 or use a valid service digital key at any key reader Service mode will be signalled by fast flashing on the PRG LED on the keypad.

## Select Message

The 8 configurations (corresponding to the 8 messages) can be viewed on the green LEDs at intervals of 1 second (see Message chart below). LED 1 is the nearest to the microphone. To select Message:

Step 1 Hold down buttons 42 and 43.
Step 2 Release the buttons when the LEDs show the required configuration.

| Message No. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LENGTH (sec.) | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| LED 1 | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | ON |
| LED 2 | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | ON |
| LED 3 | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | ON |
| LED 4 | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF |

 and Loudspeaker-wremove jumpers LOC.MIC and LOC.SP and connect jumpers REM.MIC and REM.SP

NCDUEVOX can record up to 8 messages. Messages 1, 2, 3 and 4 are 15 seconds long. Messages 5, 6, 7 and 8 are 7 seconds long. To record the Alarm Message---speak at a distance of approximately 20 cm from the microphone.

Step 1 Hold down the button 43----the 4 green LEDs will flash to signal the elapsing message time.

Step 2 Press the button 43 again to stop the recording. Recording will stop automatically when the message recording time elapses.

## Play message

Step 1 Press the button 42 - the 4 green LEDs will start flashing.
Step 2 Press the button 42 again to stop the message. Message play will stop automatically when the message time elapses.

## Programming

The parameters on the Telephone and Events pages (refer to the "Programming" chapter) must be programmed carefully, in order to assure proper functioning of the Voice board. Note that the parameters in the Events page determine the activation of the Digital communicator and / or the Telephone Dialler, and the event calls. If several events occur simultaneously the corresponding messages will be played successively during the same telephone call.

## Activation

The corresponding voice message will be sent to the telephone number when the assigned event occurs. Below is the step by step voice message procedure (see also figure 38).

Step 1 The Panel will engage the connected telephone line.


## Figure 38 voice message Flow chart

Step 2 The Panel will wait 10 seconds for the Dial Tone.
----If the dial tone is detected, the Panel will go to step 3.
---If the dial tone is not detected the Panel will hang up and go back to step 1.
廿 If the switchboard operates with non-standard tones, it may be necessary to disable the Tone Check. In this way the Panel will skip step 2 and go directly to step 3.

Step 3 The Panel will dial the programmed telephone number.
Step 4 The Panel will wait for the Line Free tone.
---If the Line Free tone is detected the Panel will go to step 5.
---If the Line Busy tone is detected the Panel will hang up and go back to step 1.
Step 5 The Panel will wait for an answer.
----If the call is answered the Panel will go to step 6.
----If the call is unanswered the Panel will hang up and go back to step 1.
Step 6 The Panel will play the message(s) recorded on the NCDUEVOX board.
The Panel will retry for a further 8 times before quitting unanswered calls.

The following table shows the Panel default programming.
Configuration

| Add. | Keypad in configuration | No. | Description | Partitions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 01 | Yes | 1 | Keypad 001 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 02 | No | 2 | Keypad 002 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| ... | No | ... | Keypad 008 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |



Zone

| No. | Ter. | Description | $1$ | 2 | 3 | 4 | Alarm or Command | Types | Bal. | Cycles | Attr. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | L1 | Zone 001 | Yes | No | No | No | Alarm | Delayed | Double Bal. | Repetive | -- |
| 2 | L2 | Zone 002 | Yes | No | No | No | Alarm | Delayed | Double Bal. | Repetitive |  |
| 3 | L3 | Zone 003 | Yes | No | No | No | Alarm | Instant | Double Bal. | Repetitive | -- |
| 4 | L4 | Zone 004 | Yes | No | No | No | Alarm | Instant | Double Bal. | Repetitive |  |
| 5 | L5 | Zone 005 | Yes | No | No | No | Alarm | Instant | Double Bal. | Repetitive | -- |
| 6 | L6 | Zone 006 | Yes | No | No | No | Alarm | Instant | Double Bal. | Repetitive | -- |
| 7 | L7 | Zone 007 | Yes | No | No | No | Alarm | Instant | Double Bal. | Repetitive | -- |
| 8 | L8 | Zone 008 | Yes | No | No | No | Alarm | Instant | Double Bal. | Repetitive | -- |

Outputs

| No. | Ter. | Description | Attributes | Partitions |  |  |  | Signals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | O1 | Output 1 | NO | Yes | No | No | No | Partitions Armed |
| 2 | O2 | Output 2 | NO | Yes | No | No | No | Trouble |
| 3 | O3 | Output 3 | NO | Yes | No | No | No | Entry Time |
| 4 | O4 | Output 4 | NO | Yes | No | No | No | Exit Time |

Times

| No. | Description | Entry T. | Exit T. | Delay T. | Alarm T. | Patrol T. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Partition 001 | 30 sec. | 30 sec. | 8 min. |  |  |
| 2 | Partition 002 | 30 sec. | 30 sec. | 8 min. | 3 min. | 5 min. |
| 3 | Partition 003 | 30 sec. | 30 sec. | 8 min. |  |  |
| 4 | Partition 004 | 30 sec. | 30 sec. | 8 min. |  |  |

Codes

| No. | Description | Type | PIN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Code 001 | Main User | 0001 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | A | A | A | A | A | A | A | A |
| 2 | Code 002 | User | 002 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | A | A | A | A | A | A | A | A |
| 3 | Code 003 | Duress | 003 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Y | A | A | A | A | A | A | A | A |
| 4 | Code 004 | Patrol | 0004 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | A | A | A | A | A | A | A | A |
| 5 | Code 005 | Disabled | 0005 | No | No | No | No | - | -- |  | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 6 | Code 006 | Disabled | 0006 | No | No | No | No | - | -- |  | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 7 | Code 007 | Disabled | 0007 | No | No | No | No | - | -- | -- | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 8 | Code 008 | Disabled | 0008 | No | No | No | No | - | -- | -- | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 9 | Code 009 | Disabled | 0009 | No | No | No | No | -- | -- | -- | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 10 | Code 010 | Disabled | 0010 | No | No | No | No | - | -- | -- | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 11 | Code 011 | Disabled | 0011 | No | No | No | No | - | -- | -- | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 12 | Code 012 | Disabled | 0012 | No | No | No | No | - | -- | -- | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 13 | Code 013 | Disabled | 0013 | No | No | No | No | - | -- | -- | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 14 | Code 014 | Disabled | 0014 | No | No | No | No | - | -- | -- | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 15 | Code 015 | Disabled | 0015 | No | No | No | No | - | -- | -- | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 16 | Code 016 | Disabled | 0016 | No | No | No | No | - | -- |  | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 17 | Code 017 | Disabled | 0017 | No | No | No | No | - | -- |  | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 18 | Code 018 | Disabled | 0018 | No | No | No | No | - | -- |  | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 19 | Code 019 | Disabled | 0019 | No | No | No | No | - | -- |  | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 20 | Code 020 | Disabled | 0020 | No | No | No | No | - | -- |  | -- | - | -- | - | -- |
| 21 | Code 021 | Disabled | 0021 | No | No | No | No | - | -- | - | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 22 | Code 022 | Disabled | 0022 | No | No | No | No | - | -- | -- | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |
| 23 | Code 023 | Disabled | 0023 | No | No | No | No | -- | -- | -- | -- | - | -- | -- | -- |

Digital keys

| No. | Description | Enable | Service | Partitions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | No |
|  | Digital key 1 | $\stackrel{\text { No }}{ }$ | $\stackrel{\text { No }}{ }$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { No } \\ \text { " } \end{array}\right\|$ | No | No | $\stackrel{\text { No }}{ }$ |
| 128 | Digital key128 | No | No | No | No | No | No |

Scheduler

| Partition | Mon | Tue | Wed | Weekly Thurs | Fri | Sat | Sun |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Partition 001 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Partition 002 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | - |
| Partition 003 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | - |
| Partition 004 | -- | -- | - | -- | -- | - | - |


| Description | Default |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| False Digital key signalling | No |  |  |  |
| Immediate mains trouble signalling | No |  |  |  |
| Key reader LEDs permanently active | Yes |  |  |  |
| Reset alarm memory denied to Installer code | No |  |  |  |
| Reset tamper memory denied to User code | No |  |  |  |
| Arming Denied----Battery trouble | No |  |  |  |
| Disable telephone line check | No |  |  |  |
| Bypass tamper zone | No |  |  |  |
| Call all telemonitoring number | No |  |  |  |
| Call all vocal numbers | Yes |  |  |  |
| Autobypass zones | No |  |  |  |
| Real time zone restore | No |  |  |  |
| 2-way audio alert | No |  |  |  |
| ICON/KP keypad | No |  |  |  |
|  | Partitions |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Auto-Reset Memories | No | No | No | No |
| Auxiliary Command (k) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Telephone

| No. | Num. | Description | Type | Protocol | Cust. Code | $\begin{gathered} \text { Check } \\ \text { sum } \end{gathered}$ | Dis. Tone check | Pulse Dialling |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | -- | Tel. number 001 | Central Station | Contact ID | 0000 | -- |  |  |
| 2 | -- | Tel. number 002 | Voice message | -- | -- | -- |  |  |
| 3 | -- | Tel. number 003 | Voice message | -- | -- | -- |  |  |
| 4 | -- | Tel. number 004 | Voice message | -- | -- | -- | No | No |
| 5 | -- | Tel. number 005 | Voice message | -- | -- | -- |  |  |
| 6 | -- | Tel. number 006 | Voice message | -- | -- | -- |  |  |
| 7 | -- | Tel. number 007 | Voice message | -- | -- | -- |  |  |
| 8 | -- | Tel. number 008 | Voice message | -- | -- | -- |  |  |

## Events

| No. | Description | Telephone numbers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Event Code | Voice message |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |  |
| 1 | Partition Alarm 1 (Partition 001) | $\mathrm{No}$ | No | No | $\mathrm{No}$ | No | No | No | No | 00 | -- |
| 110 | Event Buffer 70\% full | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | 00 | -- |

Teleservice

| Double Call | No. rings | Callback | Test Event |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No | 4 | No | No |

Installer Code The factory default Installer Code PIN is 0024

To Reset the default programming, and to restart system programming:

Step 1 Disconnect power supply from Mains and battery.
Step 2 Wait 10 seconds.
Step 3 Restore power to the system by short-circuiting pins 2 and 3 of the connector 7.

士 The Reset Default procedure will not effect the Digital key programming. Therefore, all the programmed digital keys will remain valid. To invalidate digital keys new random codes must be generated.

## Alarm / Restoral Event Codes for CONTACT ID

The following table shows the Alarm / Restoral Event Codes for CONTACT: The non-modifiable part of the code is shown in brackets.

| Medical Alarms |  | Duress | (1)21 | Sensor Tamper | (1)44 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Medical | (1)AA | Silent | (1)22 | Module Tamper | (1)45 |
| Pendant Transmitter | (1)A1 | Audible | (1)23 | 24 hour Non-Burglary |  |
| Fail to Report In | (1)A2 | Burglar Alarms |  | 24 hour non-burglary | (1)5A |
| Fire Alarms |  | Burglary | (1)3A | Gas detected | (1)51 |
| Fire Alarm | (1)1A | Perimeter | (1)31 | Refrigeration | (1)52 |
| Smoke | (1)11 | Interior | (1)32 | Loss of Heat | (1)53 |
| Combustion | (1)12 | 24 Ore | (1)33 | Water Leakage | (1)54 |
| Water Flow | (1)13 | Entry / Exit | (1)34 | Foil Break | (1)55 |
| Heat | (1)14 | Day / Night | (1)35 | Day Trouble | (1)56 |
| Pull Station | (1)15 | Outdoor | (1)36 | Low Bottle Gas level | (1)57 |
| Duct | (1)16 | Tamper | (1)37 | High temperature | (1)58 |
| Flame | (1)17 | Near alarm | (1)38 | Low Temperature | (1)59 |
| Near Alarm | (1)18 | General Alarms |  | Loss of Air Flow | (1)61 |
| Panic Alarms |  | General Alarm | (1)4A |  |  |
| Panic | (1) $2 A$ | Exp. Module Failure | (1)43 |  |  |

## TROUBLE LED on keypads is ON

Press Superkey ${ }^{5}{ }^{\mathbf{+}}$ to activate the Trouble viewing mode (refer to USER MANUAL) and identify the type of Trouble.
If Default programming is signalled, the Codes are at default and must be changed for security reasons. However, for other TROUBLES refer to the list above.

## FUSE LED is ON (Academy8L)

Trouble viewing mode—Key ${ }^{1}$. ON (Academy4-Academy8) Ensure that fuse 5 is intact. In the event of fuse trouble find and eliminate the cause (short-circuit on terminals [+F], [+B], +[12F], [12], [+N], [+A]) before replacing the fuse (250 V-3 A).

## MAIN LED on Main Unit is OFF (Academy8L)

Trouble viewing mode—_Key ${ }^{4}+$ ON (Academy4-Academy8)
Check the voltage on terminal [11].

## LOW BATTERY LED on Main Unit is ON (Academy8L)

Trouble viewing mode-_Key ${ }^{7}$ inin ON (Academy4-Academy8)
Check the polarity on the connectors 14.
Burnt fuse-Connect the battery properly and replace fuse 6 (250 V-8 A).
For low battery-recharge or replace the battery as required.

## BPI BUS LED on Main Unit is ON (Academy8L)

Trouble viewing mode—Key ${ }^{\text {A }}{ }^{*}$ ON (Academy4-Academy8)
Ensure that at least one keypad is connected, and that all the connections and addresses of the control devices are done properly (refer to "Connection of the control devices").

## Communicator cannot engage the telephone line COMMUNICATOR LED is OFF (Academy8L)

Trouble viewing mode—Key ${ }^{0}+$ ON (Academy4-Academy8)
For Central Station calls check that:
$>$ the alarm generating event is coded;
$>$ the Central Station telephone number, activated by the call generating event, is programmed properly.
For voice messages check that:
$>$ the telephone number is programmed properly;
> the telephone number is programmed as "Voice-call" and a voice-call message is programmed for the event in question.
(2) The communicator engages the telephone line but cannot complete the call
COMMUNICATOR LED is OFF (Academy8L)
Trouble viewing mode—Key ${ }^{0} \downarrow$ ON (Academy4-Academy8)
Check that:
$>$ the dial tone is correct, if not, disable the Tone Check;
$>$ the telephone line (connected to Academy8L) supports the programmed dialling mode;
$>$ the telephone number is correct (N.B. When connected to a switchboard etc.--the first number should be the number that will engage the PSTN line).
For Central Station calls check that:
$>$ the programmed protocol is used by the Central Station;
$>$ the Customer Code is programmed properly;
$>$ the call generating event code is programmed properly.

## The Personal Computer cannot connect to the Main Unit.

Check that:
the BPI BUS LED on Main Unit is OFF (Academy8L)
$>$ the system is disarmed, and is not in the programming phase;
$>$ the serial port is the correct one, and is functioning properly;
$>$ the connections correspond to those indicated on page 60-for selfmade serial cables.


[^0]:    AMBER spot Select the partitions for Type $\mathbf{A}$ arming.
    (corresponds to Double click (or press ENTER) on the selected box to toggle the status.
    the amber LED on the key

    Partitions with A will arm, and those with D will disarm---if the digital key is extracted from the key reader when the AMBER LED is glowing. reader)

    Green spot Select the partitions for Type B arming.
    (corresponds to Double click (or press ENTER) on the selected box to toggle the status.
    the amber LED Partitions with $\mathbf{A}$ will arm, and those with $\mathbf{D}$ will disarm---if the digital key is on the key extracted from the key reader when the Green LED is glowing. reader)

